

[THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1769.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,



THE JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.

ASSIZE of BREAD, published August 11, 1768.
Flour at 18/6 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the finest Flour, to weigh 1 lb.
11 oz. for 4 Coppers.—Ditto, of Dit. to
weigh 13 oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S
RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

	D's Age.	High- Water.	rises after	sets before	
THURSDAY	61	10	after 5	56 before 7	
FRIDAY	17	11	5	55	7
SATURDAY	18	11	5	54	7
SUNDAY	19	12	5	53	7
MONDAY	20	1	5	52	7
TUESDAY	21	2	5	51	7
WEDNESDAY	22	3	5	50	7

Days 12 Hours 8 Minutes the 23d.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	6s. 6d.	Beef per Barrel	45s. 6d.
Flour	16s. 6d.	Pork	80s. 6d.
Brown Bread	16s. 6d.	Salt	2s. 6d.
West-India Rum	4s. 1d.	Bohea Tea	4s. 6d.
New-England ditto	2s. 6d.	Chocol. per Doz. L.	6s. 6d.
Muscovado Sugar	6s. 6d.	Bees	1s. 8d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 6d.	Nut Wood	30s. 6d.
Molasses	1s. 10d.	Oak ditto	20s. 6d.

VERY little regard having been
paid to my former advertisements, (as well such in
which particular lands were advertised, as those which were
more general,) I DO now for the LAST TIME hereby give
this public notice to the proprietors of lands in this province,
in arrears to his Majesty for quit rents, that unless such arrears
are very speedily paid off, I shall be under the absolute ne-
cessity of applying to his Majesty's Attorney General to pro-
secute for the same without delay, agreeable to the laws of
this colony, in such case made and provided.

Receiver General's Office, ANDREW ELLIOT,
New-York, 16th March, 1769. Receiver General.

WHEREAS application has been made to
me the subscriber, one of his Majesty's justices of
the peace for the county of West-Chester, in the province
of New-York, by more than a sixteenth part of the pro-
prietors of More-Town, on Onion River, mentioned in
the charter for said township, to be in the province of
New-Hampshire, to warn a meeting of the proprietors of
said township: This is therefore to notify said proprietors
to meet at the house of Benjamin Close in Salem, in said
county, on the third tuesday in April next at one of the
clock in the afternoon, to consider and agree about laying
out said Township, and do any other business that may be
thought proper and necessary to be done at said meeting.
Dated at Bedford March 13th 1769.
67. 69. LEWIS M'DONALD, Justice of peace.

MICHAEL POREE, SURGEON DENTIST.

IN order to remedy the various complaints incidental to
the teeth and gums, takes this method to inform the
gentry and public in general, That he makes and fits natu-
ral teeth, and artificial ones, from a single tooth to a whole
set, to appear as well, and be as easy and useful as real teeth:
Likewise cleans teeth, and draws stumps, in the easiest and
best manner.—He sells a PREPARATION for cleaning and
preserving the teeth and gums;—likewise cures the scurvy.
He has a potion which is excellent for curing all disorders in
the mouth, eradicating every degree of scurvy in the gums;
preserving the teeth from decaying, and rendering them
beautiful, white and sound. He lodges at Mrs. Cornwall's,
two doors from the back of the old city-hall, in New-York.

ADVICE to the PUBLIC.

The Number of patients now under Dr. Forget's Care, in
Philadelphia, prevents his visiting the different parts of
North-America, for some time; he has given to me some ge-
neral medicines for the benefit of those whose business or
circumstances will not allow them to go to the Doctor. In
particular, an apozem, that is infallible in all degrees of in-
termittent, to the tertian, quartan, or quotidian fevers; a
potion for removing all obstructions of the viscera and
womb, which, by purifying the blood, renders the whole
mass sound and intire.—Likewise, a water that has never
failed in every disorder of the eyes, where manual opera-
tion is not required.

N. B. All those afflicted with consumptive disorders,
scorbutus or cancerous diseases, dropsy, Bone, gravel, rheu-
matism, various sorts of the gout, such as podager, chirager,
gonager, sciatica complaints, &c. &c. &c. may (under God)
be relieved, by applying to the Doctor himself at Mr.
Francis Murphy's, in Spruce-Street, Philadelphia. 67 70

THE Printer hereof, begs the Favour of
his Customers who have been long in
Arrear, especially those who have been often
called upon with their Accounts, to consider that
it is impossible he should long be able to continue
his Business unless he is paid for his Work, which
cannot be carried on without a great Expence of
ready Money.

TO BE SOLD, at private Sale;

A LOT of Land pleasantly situat-
ed, in Shrewsbury, in the County of Monmouth,
containing 35 acres on which is a very good orchard,
and five acres of good meadow, also about two acres of wood
land, (the remainder very good for all sorts of grain and
pasturing) all in very good fence. There is on the said
lot a very good dwelling house almost new, has two rooms
with a shop and three fire places on the first floor, and two
rooms on the next, finished, and more unfinished; there is a
good kitchen adjoining the house, a very good barn with
three good stables in it, a store house and a smoke house;
before the door is a good well and a garden well off,
The whole very convenient for a gentleman's country seat,
a tradesman, tavern-keeper, or for a merchant (that business
having been carried on there, for several years past) it being
near to a mill, and but 4½ miles from a landing, from
whence there may be a ready conveyance to New-York
market; and it is about 2½ miles from Shrewsbury town,
where there is plenty of fowl, fish, oysters, clams &c. to
be had in the season: Any person inclining to purchase the
same, may apply to Peter Voorheis on the premises, or Henry
Van Vleet, merchant, in Dock-Street, New-York, who will
agree for the same on reasonable terms. 67. 70.

CHARLES-TOWN, February 9.

THE assembly of North-Carolina, at their
session in November last, after going
through the usual forms, proceeded im-
mediately to take into their consideration
the circular letters, from the hon. Thomas Cushing,
Esq; late speaker of the assembly of the province of
Massachusetts-Bay, and the hon. Peyton Randolph,
Esq; speaker of the house of burgesses of Virginia,
which their speaker was directed to answer: Copies
whereof, and also of their petition to his Majesty,
are inclosed. They have, by resolve, directed their
agent to present the petition, and to join the agents
of the other colonies, in obtaining a repeal of those
oppressive acts of parliament that impose duties on
goods imported into America. And they were unani-
mous in their proceedings on these important
matters.—The foregoing is an extract of a
letter from a correspondent in North-Carolina. Here
follows the copies referred to.

North-Carolina, November 1768.

S I R,

THE house of assembly of this colony being
prorogued to the 3d of November 1768, pre-
vented my laying before them sooner your
very important letter of the 11th of February last;
the purport of which they proceeded immediately
to take into their consideration: And I am directed to
inform you, that they are extremely obliged to the as-
sembly of the Massachusetts-Bay, for communicating
their sentiments on so interesting a subject, and
shall ever be ready firmly to unite with their sister
colonies, in pursuing every constitutional measure
for redress of the grievances so justly complained of.

This house is disposed to cultivate the strictest
harmony and friendship with the assemblies of the
colonies in general, and with your house in parti-
cular.

With you, we entertain the strongest confidence
of his Majesty's clemency and justice, not doubting
that the dutiful and united supplication of his loyal
American subjects will meet with his most gracious
favour and acceptance.

This house hath therefore taken the earliest op-
portunity permitted them, of pursuing measures for
redress, similar to those adopted by yours: And
have directed their agent to join the agents of the
other colonies, in obtaining a repeal of those oppres-
sive acts of parliament imposing duties on glass, &c. in
America.

The assembly of this colony will, at all times, re-
ceive with pleasure the opinion of your house, in
matters of general concern to America, and be

equally willing, on every such occasion, to commu-
nicate their sentiments, not doubting of their meet-
ing a candid and friendly acceptance.

In the name, and by order, of the house of as-
sembly, I am, with great regard, Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,
JOHN HARVEY, Speaker.

To The Hon. Thomas Cushing, Esq;
North-Carolina, November 1768.

S I R,

I AM directed by the house of assembly of this
colony, to acknowledge the receipt of your fa-
vour of the 9th of May last.

They are much obliged for the freedom with
which the Virginia assembly have communicated
their sentiments on a matter of so great importance;
and give me leave to assure you, they have been
received by this house with that candour which
the spirit and design of them merits; and are sorry
they had not sooner an opportunity of deliberating
on an affair of so great concern to the colonies.

They consider the act of parliament imposing du-
ties on several species of goods imported into Ame-
rica, to be oppressive in the highest degree, and per-
haps only a prelude to still greater oppressions.

This house have a thorough conviction of the ne-
cessity of an immediate application, by petition, to our
most gracious Sovereign. They have accordingly
purged that measure, and have endeavoured to
make it correspond, in sentiments, with those of the
other American assemblies; and have directed their
agent, to unite with the other colony agents, in ob-
taining redress of those grievances which are with
so much justice complained of; and have given him
ample instructions on those important points.

I am further directed to assure you, this house
will always be ready to promote a reciprocal com-
munication of sentiments, with yours, on every mat-
ter which concerns the general interest of the colo-
nies.

In the name, and by order, of the house of assem-
bly, I am with great regard, Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,
JOHN HARVEY, Speaker.

To the Hon. Peyton Randolph, Esq;
TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MA-
JESTY.

The humble PETITION of the ASSEMBLY of
NORTH-CAROLINA.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal sub-
jects, the representatives of the free people
within your province of North-Carolina, with
hearts full of affection for the best of Kings, and with
the fullest confidence in your Majesty's paternal re-
gard, beg leave humbly to approach your royal
throne, and to offer our supplications in behalf of
ourselves and constituents: The which we are dis-
posed to do, from the fullest conviction, that as
your Majesty is particularly distinguished by reign-
ing over Free-men, so you will ever be attentive to
their just complaints; and, when addressed with a
becoming spirit of humility and gratitude, be ready,
as far as in your power lies, to relieve them, and
to suffer your Majesty's subjects, throughout your
extensive dominions in America, to enjoy those glo-
rious liberties and privileges which they derive to
themselves, in common with your Majesty's British
subjects, from a most excellent constitution, at the
head of which your Majesty is most happily placed,
and for the preservation whereof they would, at any
time, hazard and sacrifice their fortunes and their
lives.

Animated therefore by these considerations, and
duly impressed with a sense of their importance; and
at the same time hoping for every blessing from your
Majesty's wisdom and goodness; we take leave
gratefully to express the sensibility we have, of the
many obligations conferred on us by your Majesty;
and humbly to remonstrate, that we conceive, we
have ever been ready in making a due acknowledg-
ment of them; and when it has been found neces-
sary to raise supplies within the colony, requisitions

have been made by your Majesty, or your royal predecessors, conformable to the rights of this people, and by them cheerfully and liberally complied with.

We therefore humbly beseech your Majesty, to do us the justice to believe, that on any future demand, of a necessary supply, for the support of government, or defence of your Majesty's dominions, the inhabitants of this province will, with the utmost cheerfulness and alacrity, contribute their full quota; but humbly conceive, that their representatives in assembly can alone be the proper judges, not only what sum they are able to pay, but likewise of the most eligible method of collecting the same.

Our ancestors, at the first settling, amidst the horrors of a long and bloody war with Savages, which nothing could possibly render supportable, but the prospect of enjoying here that freedom which Britons can never purchase at too dear a rate, brought with them inherent in their persons, and transmitted down to their posterity, all the rights and liberties of your Majesty's natural-born subjects within the parent state; and have ever since enjoyed, as Britons, the privilege of an exemption from any taxation, but such as have been imposed upon them by themselves or their representatives; and this privilege we esteem so valuable, that we are fully convinced no other can possibly exist without it.

It is therefore, with the utmost anxiety and concern, we observe duties have been lately imposed on us by parliament, for the sole purpose of raising a revenue. This is a taxation which, we are firmly persuaded, the acknowledged principles of the British constitution ought to protect us from. Free-men cannot be taxed, but by themselves or their representatives: And that your Majesty's subjects within this province are represented in parliament, we cannot allow; and are convinced that, from our situation, we never can be. And under these circumstances, to have the privilege of granting our own money, for the support of your Majesty's government, taken from us, is entirely to deprive us of the means of shewing our invincible attachment to your Majesty's royal person and family, and of recommending ourselves to your gracious favour and protection.

We humbly beg leave to assure your Majesty, that your loyal people of this colony, are far, very far from pretending to deny their subordination to that august body the parliament of Great Britain, or their dependence on their parent kingdom. We know, that our happiness consists in our connections with them, and in the settlement of our liberties under the auspicious influence of your royal house. We cheerfully acknowledge ourselves bound, by the ties of allegiance, to your Majesty, and sincerely pray, that there may never be wanting, a Prince of the Brunswick line, to sway the British sceptre to the latest posterity; and humbly hope, that your Majesty's faithful subjects of this colony have an equitable claim, to the full enjoyment of the fundamental rights of the British constitution.

Most gracious Sovereign,

AS we are truly sensible of your Majesty's royal care, in procuring, for all your subjects, a prosperity equal to your affection for them; we are encouraged, with the greatest humility, to pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take these our remonstrances, and the state of this province, under your royal consideration, and to afford us such relief, as your Majesty, in your great wisdom, shall judge most proper.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, shall ever pray.

Charles-Town, S. Carolina,

March 2. The General Gazette of last Monday's Date, acquaints us, That "In the St. James's Chronicle of December 10th, 1768, appeared a Copy of a letter addressed to Daniel Ponton, Esq; Chairman of the Quarter Sessions at Lambeth, dated at Whitehall, 17th April, 1768, to which was prefixed, a short introduction, of which Mr. Wilkes was found to be the author, and the same was voted by the House of Lords, "an insolent, "scandalous and seditious Libel, tending to inflame and stir up the minds of his Majesty's subjects "to sedition, and a total subversion of all Government." After coming to the said resolution, their Lordships sent a message to the commons, desiring a conference touching the same as "a "matter highly concerning the peace and good "order, as well as the dignity of his Majesty's "government." The House of Commons agreed readily to the proposed Conference, and ordered the printers and publishers to attend them, and would, it was not doubted concur entirely with the Lords." But private letters advise, that after a debate of six hours in the House of Commons, the further consideration of that matter was adjourned to the 27th of January, when, it was thought, that house would not concur with the Lords, in voting it a libel.—The letter in question was from a Secretary of State, directing, in a very particular manner, the applying for military Aid to the civil authority. In the North-Briton No. 81, dated Dec. 24, the same letter appears republished, with one from Mr. Wilkes, avowing the

publication of both, and also of a copy of a letter from the Secretary at War.

More extraordinary Resolves.

15 December 1768.

1. *Resolved*, by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, That the Votes, Resolutions and proceedings of the House of Representatives of Massachusetts-Bay, in the Months of January and February last, respecting several late Acts of Parliament, so far, as the said Votes, Resolutions and Proceedings, do import a Denial of, or to draw into question the Power, and Authority of his Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in Parliament assembled, to make Laws and Statutes of sufficient Force and Validity, to bind the Colonies and People of America, Subjects to the Crown of Great-Britain, in all Cases whatsoever, are illegal, unconstitutional and derogatory of the Rights of the Crown and Parliament of Great-Britain.

2. *Resolved*, That the Resolutions of the said House of Representatives of the Province of Massachusetts-Bay, in January last, to write Letters to the several Houses of Representatives of the British Colonies on the Continent, desiring them to join with the said House of Representatives of the Province of Massachusetts-Bay, in Petitions which do deny or draw into question the Right of Parliament, to impose Duties and Taxes upon his Majesty's Subjects in America, and in Pursuance of the said Resolutions, the writing of such Letters, in which certain late Acts of Parliament imposing Duties and Taxes are stated to be Infringements of of the Rights of his Majesty's Subjects of the said Province, are Proceedings of a most unwarrantable and dangerous Nature, calculated to inflame the Minds of his Majesty's Subjects in the other Colonies, tending to create unlawful Combinations repugnant to the Laws of Great-Britain, and subversive of the Constitution.

3. *Resolved*, That it appears, that the Town of Boston, in the Province of Massachusetts-Bay, has for some time past, been in a State of great Disorder and Confusion; and that the Peace of the said Town, has at several Times been disturbed by Riots and Tumults of a dangerous Nature, in which the Officers of his Majesty's Revenue there, have been obstructed by Acts of Violence in the Execution of the Laws, and their Lives endangered.

4. *Resolved*, That it appears, that the ordinary civil Magistrates in the said Town of Boston, did not exert their Authority for suppressing the said Riots and Tumults.

5. *Resolved*, That in these Circumstances of the Province of Massachusetts-Bay, and of the Town of Boston, the Preservation of the Public Peace, and the due Execution of the Laws became impracticable, without the Aid of a Military Force to support and protect the Civil Magistrates, and the Officers of his Majesty's Revenue.

6. *Resolved*, That the Declarations, Resolutions and Proceedings in the Town Meetings at Boston, on the 14th June and 19th September, were illegal, unconstitutional, and calculated to excite Sedition and Insurrection in his Majesty's Province of Massachusetts-Bay.

7. *Resolved*, That the Appointment of the Town Meeting on the 12 September, of a Convention to be held in the Town of Boston on the 22d of that Month, to consist of Deputies from the several Towns and Districts in the Province of Massachusetts-Bay, the issuing a Precept by the Select Men of the Town of Boston, to each of the said Towns and Districts, for the Election of such Deputies, were Proceedings subversive of his Majesty's Government, and evidently manifesting a Design in the Inhabitants of the said Town of Boston, to usurp a new and unconstitutional Authority independent of the Crown of Great-Britain.

8. *Resolved*, That the Elections by several Towns and Districts in the Province of Massachusetts-Bay, of Deputies to sit in the said Convention, and the meeting of such Convention in Consequence thereof, were daring Insults offered to his Majesty's Authority, and an audacious Usurpation of the Powers of Government.

9. *Ref.* That an humble Address be presented to his Majesty to return his Majesty Thanks for the Communication which he has been graciously pleased to make to his Parliament, of several Papers relative to publick Transactions in his Majesty's Province of Massachusetts-Bay.—To express our sincere Satisfaction, in the Measures which his Majesty has pursued for supporting the Constitution, and inducing a due Obedience to the Authority of the Legislature: To give his Majesty the strongest Assurances, that his Parliament will effectually stand by and support his Majesty in such further Measures as may be found necessary, to maintain the Civil Magistrates in a due Execution of the Laws within his Majesty's Province of Massachusetts-Bay.

And as we conceive, that Nothing can be more immediately necessary, either for the Maintenance

of his Majesty's Authority in the said Province, or for guarding his Majesty's Subjects therein from being further deluded by the Acts of wicked and designing Men, than to proceed in the most speedy and effectual Manner, for bringing to condign Punishment the chief Authors and Instigators of the late Disorders; to beseech his Majesty, that he will be graciously pleased to direct his Majesty's Governor of Massachusetts-Bay, to take the most effectual Methods for procuring the fullest Informations that can be obtained, touching all Treasons, and Misprisions of Treasons, committed within the Government since the 30th of December last, and to transmit the same, together with the Names of the Persons, who were most active in Commission of such Offences, to one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, in order that his Majesty may issue a special Commission for enquiring of, hearing and determining the said Offences within this Realm, pursuant to the Provision of the statute of the 35th year of the Reign of King Henry the eighth, if his Majesty shall, upon receiving said Information, see sufficient Ground for such a Proceeding.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, March 2.

The Superfluities imported here from Britain, and other articles which we may make among ourselves, are supposed to have drawn upwards of £.100,000 Sterling from among us for several years preceding the Stamp-Act.

A calculation having been made of the amount of the purchase money of slaves expected here the present year, it is computed at £.270,000 sterling, which sum will by that means be drained from this province.

Last week Carolina knit stockings were sold at at forty-five shilling a pair, in preference to those of a better quality imported.

A subscription is actually setting on foot for establishing and supporting a Manufactory-House in this town. And it is said to be in contemplation, also to establish a paper manufactory, in this country.

The last advices from Mobile are, that the Spanish frigate left by Don Juan d'Ulloa at New-Orleans, was gone from thence: That the vessel in which the gentlemen who were charged with remonstrances to the French King, after having been at Sea for some time, sprung a leak and put back, and did not proceed on her voyage before the 12th of January: And that the French inhabitants were determined never to suffer a Spaniard to set foot in that country again, but such as may put in by distress of weather.

The Brig Norton, (Christopher Brooks master, arrived here since our last) was forcibly taken from the master, on her voyage from Dominica for this port, but recovered by him off St. Croix, where the mutineers escaped in the boat, so he was obliged to run down to Jamaica to procure another boat and sufficient hands to navigate the vessel hither.

Jan. 23. This day arrived here from London, in the ship Little-Carpenter, Richard Maitland, master, the Lady of his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord William Campbell, Governor of Nova-Scotia, the Lady of the honourable John Drayton, Esq; Collin Campbell, Esq; and his Lady, Mr. Hawkins and others.

About the middle of last month, a ship from Jamaica for London, and the ship Altitude, John Rains, master, from this port for Tortola, in a hard gale of wind, were driven ashore and lost on Bermuda, the people saved. Two vessels supposed to be from the northern colonies, were likewise lost, and it is feared every soul on board perished, several dead horses, sheep, &c. were driven on shore. The Apollo, Gellison, of and for this port from the West-Indies, got into Bermuda, but had received so much damage that it was thought she could not proceed.

Jan. 30. They write from St. Augustine, that two of Dr. Turnbull's people, ringleaders in the late disturbances there, being convicted at the Court of General assizes, &c. holden at St. Augustine, were sentenced to be hanged, and executed accordingly.

Extract of letters from London.

Letters from London by the last vessels mention the following particulars, viz. "In the House of Commons, the propriety of repealing the Stamp Act was attacked, but Mr. B. in a very able manner supported that measure, though he chose to confine himself to the ground of the Commercial Interest. Enough was said from all quarters to discourage the least possible hope in America of a repeal of the late Duty Act, until the duty is submitted to, and then only under the consideration of a grievance, as a burthen upon the people; that whenever a repeal should be granted, the principle thereof might not be mistaken in America. Enough was likewise said to manifest that the Billeting soldiers in the colonies, by act of parliament, would never be repealed from. The invitation to the inhabitants of Massachusetts to provide themselves with arms, &c. from an apprehension of an approaching war with France, was urged to be treason against the state in the persons voting that re-

quest." It is also added founded upon the sole day taxes upon the people with admittance or rece

What follows is what

House of Commons, rel

"A petition of John

sent to the House, and

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"Ordered, That the

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Wilkes, Esquire."

NEW-YO

Saturday last being th

peal of the Stamp-Act

scribed with G. R. I

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the Common.—A

Genuine Sons of Liberty

of Mr. Edward Smith

where an elegant Enter

them; after the Compa

of the Dinner, and a

sent to the New-Goal

among the Prisoners.—

were drank upon this m

1. The King. 2

Prince of Wales, and R

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Conway, Col. Barry,

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Alderman Wilks. 6.

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The Governor and Pro

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deavour to subvert it.

18th of March, 1766,

quest." It is also added that, "No application founded upon the sole right, in the assemblies, to lay taxes upon the people in the colonies, can meet with admittance or reception."

What follows is what we find, in the Votes of the House of Commons, relating to Mr. Wilkes, viz.

"A petition of John Wilkes, Esquire, was presented to the House, and read; setting forth, that, in April 1763, the petitioner, then a member of the House, was by a General Warrant apprehended and carried before the Two Principal Secretaries of State; that he applied by his Friends to the Court of Common Pleas for a Habeas Corpus, which was ordered to issue immediately; of this he acquainted the said Secretaries at his Examination by them, who, notwithstanding, committed the Petitioner a close Prisoner to the Tower, although charged only with a misdemeanour; that, for Three Days, no Person was suffered to have Access to him; that his House was plundered, his Bureau broken open, and his Papers carried away, under the said General Warrant; that, after his Discharge from the Tower by the unanimous Judgment of the Court of Common Pleas, he was served with a Subpoena from the Court of King's Bench, upon an Information; that Counter Notices, signed, *Summoning Officer*, were sent to several of the Jury, only the Day before the Trials; that, nevertheless, the Trials came on the Day fixed; that the Records were materially altered at Lord Mansfield's House, by his Lordship's Orders, against the Consent of the Petitioner's Solicitor, only the Evening before the Trials, without the Knowledge of the Petitioner, he being detained Abroad at that Time by Illness; that the Papers seized under the said General Warrant were produced as Evidence on his Trials; that *Philip Carteret Webb*, Esquire, then Solicitor to the Treasury, suborned and ribbed, with the Publick Money, one *Michael Curry*, to give Evidence against the Petitioner at the Trials, according to the Directions of the said Mr. Webb; that the Petitioner was in March last elected Knight of the Shire for the County of *Middlesex*; in April appeared before the Court of King's Bench Prison; and that in June he was sentenced to a further Imprisonment of Twenty-two Months in the said Prison, where the Petitioner now is; and that the Petitioner submits the whole of his Case to the Wisdom and Justice of the House, in the full Persuasion of having an effectual and speedy Redress of all his Grievances.

"Ordered, That the said Petition do lie upon the Table; and that the proper Officer or Officers do lay before this House a Copy of the Records of the Proceedings upon the several Informations in the Court of King's Bench against the said *John Wilkes*, Esquire."

NEW-YORK, March 23.

Saturday last being the Anniversary of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, the Liberty Colours (inscribed with G. R. III, Liberty and Trade) were hoisted on the Antient Liberty Post erected on the Common. A considerable number of the Genuine Sons of Liberty, Assembled at the House of Mr. Edward Smith, Innkeeper in the Fields; where an elegant Entertainment was prepared for them; after the Company had dined, the remains of the Dinner, and a quantity of Strong Beer was sent to the New-Goal, and properly distributed among the Prisoners. The following Toasts, were drank upon this memorable occasion, viz.

1. The King.
2. The Queen.
3. The Prince of Wales, and Royal Family.
4. The Earl of Chatham, Marquis of Rockingham, General Conway, Col. Barry, Mr. Burke, and every other generous Asserter of American Rights.
5. Alderman Wilks.
6. John Dickinson, Esq; the ingenious Author of the Farmer's Letters.
7. The Governor and Province.
8. The Navy and Army.
9. The spirited Assembly of Virginia of the Year 1765.
10. Those Friends to Liberty (and Supporters of the British Constitution) the truly patriotic Ministry, and glorious Majority of both Houses of Parliament in 1766.
11. The 92 Members of the Massachusetts Assembly, who voted against rescinding.
12. The late worthy Members of the Assembly of this Province, who asserted the Rights of themselves and their Constituents.
13. The Friends of Liberty, and Enemies of Oppression and arbitrary Power in Great-Britain, Ireland, and elsewhere.
14. May the illustrious House of Hanover rule the British Empire to the End of Time.
15. Prosperity to Great-Britain and her Colonies.
16. Prosperity to Ireland.
17. Trade and Navigation, and a speedy Removal of the Difficulties with which they are embarrassed.
18. A perpetual Union and Harmony between Great-Britain and her Colonies, and Infamy and Disgrace to the Enemies of either.
19. Success to that uncorrupted Patriot General Paoli, and the brave Corsicans.
20. Success to the American Manufactures.
21. The Liberty of the Press, and Disappointment to those who endeavour to subvert it.
22. The ever memorable 18th of March, 1766, and Unanimity, Fidelity,

and Perseverance to the Sons of Liberty in America. The same Day there was also another numerous Meeting upon the same occasion, at the House of Mr. Vandewater in this City, which it is said was conducted in much the same manner, and the Healths drank, nearly similar to those before mentioned.

On the 9th Instant, three young Ladies at Huntington on Long-Island, namely, Ermina Leticia and Sabina, having met together, agreed to try their Dexterity at the Spinning-Wheel; accordingly the next morning they set themselves down, and like the virtuous Woman, put their Hands to the Spindle, and held the Distaff; at Evening they had 26 Skeins of good Linen yarn, each Skein containing 4 Ounces, all which were the Effects of that Day's Work only.

N. B. It is hoped that the Ladies of Connecticut & Rhode-Island, who have shewn their skill & Industry at the spinning-wheel, will be sincerely pleased to find their laudable Example so well imitated in Huntington, & that it has kindled a spirit of generous Emulation in the Ladies of New-York Government; we hope the same Spirit will spread thro' the Continent. That the Ladies, while they vie with each other in Skill and Industry in this profitable Employment, may vie with the Men, in contributing to the Preservation and Prosperity of their Country, and equally share the Honour of it.

On Friday last as Mr. Daniel Kemper, a Shop-keeper, at the Fly-Market, was sitting at his Door, using his Penknife, a fray happened in the Market, and as he was running to know the Occasion of it, in rising the Market-Steps, stumbled and fell, and the Knife being still in his Hand, it unfortunately penetrated into his Breast near two Inches. The Wound was at first thought to be dangerous; but having timely Assistance, he is now in a fair Way of Recovery.

[We hope Capt. Sears and Col. Corfu will excuse our deferring their Replies to Mr. Murray.]

SHRUB of the best Quality, and choice fresh Orange Juice, fit for making Punch; likewise the best Tent Wine in Bottles, to be sold by JOHN LAMB, opposite the Honourable Joseph Reade's, in King-Street. 68 71

Twenty Shillings Reward, RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, on Wednesday the 21d, inst. an IRISH Servant Lad, named WILLIAM BROWN, 'twixt fifteen and sixteen years of Age, about five Feet high, talks tolerable good English, has straight Brown Hair, a DOWN-LOOK and LAZY-WALK—Had on when he went away, a Felt Hat, cock'd up behind, Brown Jacket, Green Vest, Check Shirt, Black Everlasting Breeches, tore on the Knees, Blue Stockings, and old Shoes with Pinchbeck Buckles.—Whoever takes up and secures said RUN-AWAY so that I may have him again, shall have the above REWARD by applying to me at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE in Broad-Street.

JAMES ROBERTSON.
All Masters of Vessels and others, are forbid to carry off or harbour him at their PERIL.

To be LET,
THE House wherein John Van Derbilt, now lives, opposite the Fly-Market:—(68 71) Inquire of said JOHN VAN DERBILT.

A Young Woman who can do most Sorts of the Work of a Family, may be heard of, by inquiring of the Printer.

To be SOLD, by
PETER GOELET,
At the Golden-Key, in Hanover-Square, wholesale and retail, at the most reasonable Rates;

NAILS, tacks, brads and clouts;
smiths anvils, vices, beak-irons, sledges and hammers; files, rasps, mill, cross cut, hand and other saws; carpenters, blacksmiths, gunsmiths, goldsmiths, watchmakers, and shoemakers tools; brads and iron locks, bolts, hinges, and every other article for building; all sorts of bristles for cabinet work, blister'd and faggot Reel, sheet iron, iron hoops, snuff, copperas, tongs and shovels, gridirons, frying pans, &c. chimney hooks, clove pins, brads and iron candlesticks, branches; a very large and neat assortment of knives and forks, pocket and penknives, scissars, razors; silver, pinch-beck, and other buckles, needles, pins, combs, best fishing tackling, fish hooks; writing, paper, brads and iron wire, chapes and tongues, pound beads, Neurembergh salve, Harlem oil; waffle irons, garden spades, shovels and shears; a great assortment of brushes and wool combs, wool cards, corn mills, scithes; paint, spectacles, sheep shears, sheet lead, together with a very great and general assortment of other articles. 68 71

PURSUANT to an Order made by John Thomas and Gilbert Bloomer, Esqrs. two of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for West-Chester County, in the Province of New-York, upon the Petition of Philip Pinkney, of East-Chester, in the same County, an insolvent Debtor, and the Major Part in Value of his Creditors; Notice is hereby given by the Petitioners, to all the Creditors of the said Philip Pinkney, to show Cause (if any they have) before the said Judges, on Saturday the first Day of April, at 10 o'Clock of the said Day, at the Court House at the White Planes, why an Assignment should not be made to David Huflice of East-Chester, of all the Estate of the said Philip Pinkney, for the Benefit of all his Creditors, and be thereupon discharged, agreeable to the Directions of the Laws of the said Province, in such Cases made and provided.

White Planes, March 20th, 1769. 68 69

[The Piece sign'd Orlando, on the pernicious and unlawful Practice of private Lotteries, now so common and numerous in this City, will have a Place as soon as convenient; also the Quersift, On the Consequences of settling Bishops in America, The Poem on the Spring, will also be inserted in due Season.]

JAMES DEAS,
Peruke-Maker and Hair-Dresser,
IS removed to the Corner, opposite to Messrs. Bolton and Sigell's Tavern, near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where he has Lodgings to be let. N. B. He has to sell, Ladies best Tortoise-shell Combs, of all Sorts. 68—

IF any Family or Families would be willing to settle on the Island of St. Johns, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, on Lot N. 33 or Lot No. 64, by applying to the Printer hereof, may hear of advantageous Terms. Both the above Lots are good Soil, and well situated for a Fishery: Lot 33, hath 800 Acres of clear Land on it, and a Number of Houses, with two Saw-Mills and a Grift-Mill; and it is best intersected with Water of any Lot in the Place; the Bay of Trecadie, well known to Fishermen, belongs to this Lot. 68 71

Twenty Shillings Reward,
LOST in Maiden Lane, the 21st Instant, March, a small black and white Dog, of King Charles's Breed, and answers to the Name of Pompey: Whoever brings him to Lord Roskill in Butteau-Street, or to Messrs. Bolton and Sigell, shall receive the above Reward. 68 71
By Command of his Excellency the GOVERNOR.

By the American Company,
For the Entertainment of the Right Worshipful the Grand Master, the Masters, Wardens, and Brethren, of the Ancient and Honourable Society of Free and Accepted Masons; At the Theatre in John-Street, on Monday the 27th of March, Inst. will be presented a Comedy, never acted there, call'd, *The*

TENDER HUSBAND,
With a Prologue and Epilogue, several Masons Songs, &c. By particular Desire, Singing by Miss Hallam.

To which will be added, by Command, *The*
UPHOLSTERER;
OR

WHAT NEWS?
Tickets for the Boxes and Gallery, to be had at Hugh Gaine's, in Hanover-Square, and of John Partridge, at the Theatre: Tickets for the Pitt, will be delivered to the Brethren, at Mr. Burns's.

The Company of all the Brethren in Town, is earnestly requested, upon this Occasion, to meet at Burns's, at five o'Clock in the Evening of the Day of Performance, and walk from thence in Procession, to the Theatre.

It will be taken as a Favour, if the Ladies and Gentlemen, who desire to have Places in the Boxes reserved for them, would send to bespeak 'em, before Saturday Evening, at farthest, that proper Lists may be made out for the Box-keepers, and every possible Care taken to prevent Mistakes.

RUN away from me the Subscriber, a Mulatto Fellow, named Dick, it is likely he will try to get to Sea, as he has been two Voyages to Lisbon; he speaks good English, was born in New-England, and it is supposed he will go that Way; he is about five Feet seven Inches high, very broad shouldered, a little bandy leg'd, a very flat Nose, and has lost one of his under Teeth: Had on when he went away, a grey Jacket and Trowsers, but it is supposed he will change his Clothes: Whoever takes him up in this City, shall have Three Dollars, and if out, shall have Five Dollars Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid by me

SUSANNA M'DONALD.
N. B. All Masters of Vessels and others, are forbid to carry off or harbour him at their Peril.
New-York, March 23d, 1769. 68 71

To be SOLD,
A Plantation of very good Land, situated in Somerset County, and Province of New-Jersey, in the Forks of Lemarton, containing 376 Acres of very good Land, ten Acres whereof is excellent Meadow, (and more may be made) and 80 Acres very good Wood Land. There are on said Plantation, a large Store House, a large Dutch Barn, and a good Orchard, containing 200 Apple Trees; the Buildings and Improvements all in good Repair and Order; said Plantation lies about 15 Miles above Rariton Landing, within three Quarters of a Mile of the Mills formerly belonging to Mr. Andrew Leake, and within two Miles of the Mills of Mr. John Davis: Any Person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to the Subscriber, living on the Premises, who can give an indisputable Title for the same. (68 71) **PETER POOST.**

THERE is to be sold, a Farm in Dutchess County, in Rumbout's Precinct, containing 200 Acres of very good Land, a great Part of which is as good as any in the County, little inferior to any in the Province; in said Farm there are 20 Acres of good Meadow, all fit for the Sithe, which is all English Grass, and 20 Acres more can be cleared, together with 40 Acres of low flat Land; it is well watered and timbered, having two Springs very nigh the House, which never gets dry, Summer nor Winter, and a pleasant Creek runs through the whole farm; which is very handy to Merchants, likewise to a Blacksmith, and Mill. The said Farm lies only seven Miles from the North-River; there is on it a very good Framed House, 23 Feet by 22, with two well finished Rooms on the lower Floor, and a Cellar as large as the House, with a Log-Kitchen by the House; also a large well finished Barn: The House is situate in a very good Part of the Country, for any Man that inclines to public Business, as there is a public Road goes by the Door; there are two very good Orchards, one of which is all ingrafted Fruit, of the best Sorts, made the last Season fifty Barrels of Cider; upon the Whole it is as good Land, and has as many Conveniences as most Farms that can be found in the Province. Any Person that inclines to purchase said Farm, may apply to Cornelius Lyfter, Esq; living in Rumbout's Precinct, who will acquaint them of said Farm, as he lives nigh by, otherwise to the Subscriber, who will agree on the most reasonable Terms, and give an indisputable Title for the same. 78 81
HENRY CRAWBARGAR.

POETS CORNER.

LIBERTY'S Address to Britons in Behalf of the Corsicans.

WITH throbbing bosom, and woe-looking eye,
On Albion's sea-beat shore, poor Liberty,
Her spear thrown careless by her, lay reel'd,
And gave her sorrows to the passing wind.

"Can Britain's sons with lukewarm souls survey,
Th' infamous Gaul thus spread his tyrant sway?
Can they, unmov'd, the Corsicans behold
To tyrant Gaul like beasts for treasure sold?

Those heroes who so gloriously have stood,
And in my cause long shed their noblest blood!
Shall Bourbon's haughty race attempt to bind,
In slavery's galling letters all mankind?

To save a world, and blast the fell design?
To save a world, and blast the fell design?
Rouse, rouse, ye Britons! see your cross display'd;
And to my fav'rites, wing fraternal aid;

Already have they long sustain'd the fight,
And myriad foes repeated put to flight;
But ah! in vain!—Fresh myraids onward pour;
If unsupported, Freedom is no more;

Butcher'd by those base sons of tyranny,
Who, slaves themselves, detest all who are free;—
In vain the lion dares the fight maintain,
While myriad foes beset the hostile plain

Would Britons but unfeign'd their conqu'ring sword,
And friendly aid in freedom's cause afford;
The Gallic legions soon would fly the field,
And to your dreaded oft-try'd valour yield:

Route, route, my sons!—But ah! I fear, the said,
The love of freedom from your souls is fled:
The fiend, bewitching, luxury, the son
Of slavery, whose magic spells forerun

His parent's steps, his opiate influence sheds,
Unnerves your hearts, and your weak counsels leads;
His soft'ning poison but prepares the doom
That buried in the dust my darling Rome;

Oh, should that fatal hour which now I fear,
(Avert it, pow'r omnipotent) appear,
When tyranny shall rage with giant stride,
And barefoot superstition by her side;

When Smithfield's fires again shall horrid blaze,
Those dire remembrances of Mary's days;
When my fair offspring, commerce, shall depart,—
From her lov'd Britain with a heavy heart;

Oh, should I ever that black moment view,
To this unhappy globe I'll bid adieu.
Like that brave Greek, * whose ever envy'd name
Richly adorns the brightest page of fame;

Who at Thermopylae resign'd his breath,
With hecatombs of slaves to grace his death!
Like him my brave Paoli dare arise,
And offer up himself a sacrifice;

Like him and the few chosen Greeks who fell,
My self-devoted sons their blood shall sell,
And shew the world that Freedom they will have,
E'en tho' the road lies through the dreary grave."

So said, the wing'd her flight, and disappear'd,
And as she flew, these words distinct were heard;
"Consider, partial and mistaken men,
Consider!—in the horrid Cyclops den,
The chosen few (a favourite repast)
Were but preserv'd to be devoured the last."

* Leonidas,

DESERTED, when on furloe,
from his Majesty's 34th Regiment now quartered at
Philadelphia, Samuel Alsford, aged 40 years, five feet,
seven inches high, brown complexion, dark brown hair, dark
eyes, much pitted with the small pox, by trade a gardener;
born in the parish of Fishington, (Salisbury, England) He
had on his regimental coat, and new buckskin breeches.

Whoever apprehends said deserter, and lodges him in any
of his Majesty's gaols, shall receive as a reward, twenty shil-
lings sterling, (over and above what is allowed by act of Par-
liament, for apprehending deserters) by applying to the
commanding officer of said regiment at Philadelphia.

N. B. The above named deserter is famous for shewing
the dexterity of hand, when he generally takes the name of
Ford.

PURSUANT to an order of the worshipful Simon Johnson,
and Francis Filkin, Esqrs. two of the Judges of the Mayor's
Court, of the City of New-York, upon the petition of Peter Low,
of the said city, an insolvent debtor, and three fourths in value of
his creditors; Notice is hereby given by the petitioners to all the
creditors of the said Peter Low, to shew cause before said Judges,
(if any they have) on Thursday the 23d instant, at the dwelling
house of the said Simon Johnson, Esq; at 3 o'clock in the afternoon,
(being the time and place appointed by the said Judges) why an
assignment of the said Peter Low's estate, should not be made unto
John Oothout, and Abraham Brinkerhoff, nominated and appointed
by the said petitioners as trustees, to receive the same for the be-
nefit of all the creditors of the said Peter Low, and the said Peter
Low be thereupon discharged of all his debts, pursuant to the
prayer of the said petition, and the laws of this colony of New-
York, in cases of insolvent debtors, made and provided; the said
Peter Low, and his petitioning creditors, having complied with
the directions of the said laws.

Dated New-York, March 14th, 1769.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing
Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for
Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

WHEREAS the Copartnership of

Parsons and Willets, is dissolved by the death of
Samuel Willets; all persons therefore who have any de-
mands on said copartnership, are desired to bring in their
accounts that they may be paid,—and those who are indebted
to said copartnership, whose accounts are become due, are
requested to pay the same to James Parsons, the survivor,—
by whom the business is carried on as usual, in the same
store, at the corner of Burling's slip.—And has now on
hand, an assortment of dry goods, suitable for the season,
which are to be disposed of on reasonable terms.—Also
a quantity of West-India rum, beef and pork, bohea tea,
indigo, ginger and turpentine.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of salt meadow and Cedar
swamp, situate, lying and being on new Barbados-
Neck, in Bergen county in New-Jersey, containing about
114 acres of salt meadow, and about 322 acres of cedar
swamp; the whole is bounded on the two sides by Stag's
Creek, commonly called Berry's Creek, and by Peack-Island
Creek; the meadows are reckoned, by those in the neigh-
bourhood, who have frequently mowed in them, not in-
ferior to any salt meadow in that part of the country, and
some parts thereof at a very small expence may be made
fresh meadow and to yield good English grass; the timber
and wood of every kind in the cedar swamp is now in great
perfection, as the present owner has preserved it, and pre-
vented any of the wood being cut out for near upon thirty
years, the conveniences of loadings and easy carriage from
the said cedar swamp are no way inferior to those of any
other swamp on that neck, as a great part of the swamp is
bounded by Berry's Creek, and common floops and wood
boats can go up that creek to be loaded, and from the other
side of the tract, the timber may be brought to Hackensack
River, by sledding or carting it one quarter of a mile. A
plan or draught of the said meadows and swamp, made
from a late survey, may be seen by applying to Mr. John
Terhune, at Hackensack, or to the subscriber in New-York.

Whereas the above premises were advertised and intend-
ed for sale the first Tuesday in April, it hath since been
thought advisable to postpone the sale to Tuesday the 16th
of May next. When the above-mentioned premises are pe-
remptorily to be sold at public sale to the highest bidder, at the
Court-house in Bergen county in the town of Hackensack;
for the greater convenience of purchasers the meadows will
be sold in five lots, each lot to contain about 23 acres. The
swamp in eight lots, each lot to contain about 40 acres—
A good title will be given to the purchaser or purchasers
by

NICHOLAS ROOSEVELT.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of land lying in Freehold,
in the county of Monmouth, East New-Jersey; con-
taining about six hundred acres, on which is a good house,
barn three orchards, and upwards of three hundred acres of
cleared upland and meadow. The said tract is so situated,
that it will answer to make three farms or settlements; so
that there may be a sufficient quantity of clear upland and
meadow, and plenty of good timber to each part: The whole
would suit any gentleman or farmer, the most part good land,
lying in a good neighbourhood, a healthy pleasant place,
and as beautiful a prospect, as perhaps any in the province.
Any person who inclines to purchase, may have the whole,
or either of the parts, by applying to the subscriber, who
lives on the premises,

JOHN ANDERSON.

Also to be sold, a tract of land lying in said Freehold, be-
longing to Joseph Newton, jun. containing as is supposed,
about sixty acres, the most part cleared, having on it a good
orchard, house, barn, and smith's shop (being a suitable
place for a blacksmith, having been occupied by blacksmiths
upwards of fifty years.) Also near two hundred acres of
wood land lying about a mile distant from the same.—Any
person inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber for
further particulars.

(97 70) JOHN ANDERSON.

CITY OF NEW-YORK. **ROBERT PLACE**, of said city, mariner,
being duly sworn, deposes and saith,
that the report which now prevails, of his being an infor-
mer, is utterly false and without foundation, and that he
never did, nor intended to inform against any person, or
his property.

Sworn the 14th Day of March,
1769, before me B. BLAGGER.

As the above false and malicious report may be very in-
jurious to me and my family, any person who will let me
know the first author of it, will greatly oblige me

ROBERT PLACE.

DESERTED,

FROM his Majesty's sixteenth regiment
of foot now quartered at New-York, the ninth day
of March 1769, viz.

John Bullfinch, aged thirty five years, five feet seven
inches high, dark complexion, black eyes, black hair, round
shoulder'd, well limb'd, by trade a labourer, born in
Cloness north of Ireland.

Robert Claire, aged twenty three years, five feet eight
inches high, of a swarthy complexion, dark brown eyes,
brown hair, straight and well made, born in the city of Dub-
lin, in Ireland, by trade a stocking-weaver.

James Broom, aged twenty nine years, five feet six
inches high, fresh complexion, brown eyes, light brown hair,
a little in-kneed, small limb'd, round shoulder'd, with a
swoop in his walk, by trade a cutler, born in Birmingham,
England; they went off in their regimentals.

Whoever apprehends the above deserters, or any of them,
and lodges him or them in any of his Majesty's gaols,
shall receive as a reward, twenty shillings sterling, for each,
(over and above what is allowed by act of parliament for
the apprehending deserters) by applying to the command-
ing officer of said regiment at New-York.

Any person who communicates such information to Col-
nel Robinson, as will enable him to apprehend any of the
three deserters, shall have the same reward, and the names
of the persons who give such notice, shall be carefully con-
cealed,

March 18th 1769.

67 70.

A wet Nurse,

A Woman with a good young
breast of milk, that can be well recommended, is
willing to go into a gentleman's family as a wet
nurse:—Inquire of the Printer.

97 70

SAMUEL BROOME, and Co.

Have the following Goods to sell, on the most reasonable Terms,
at their Store in New-York, viz.

BROAD cloth in
half pieces of
all colours
Yard wide frizes
and farnoughts
Pennsions & half
thicks
Embossed ferges
White swanikin
Blue and drab ker-
seys

Brown, blue and
mix'd forest cloth
Black Manchester
velvet, drab and
blue do.
Half yard & half
elbafings
Black fig'd draw-
boys
Thicket and dy'd
pillow
Black fannetins
Stocking breeches
pieces
Men's women's &
children's stock-
ings

2 and yard wide
cotton checks,
yard and 2, and
6-4 do.
8 nail 2 nail, 3,
4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,
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SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, Or GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1368.

[THURSDAY MARCH 23, 1769.]

BOSTON, February 10.

JOURNAL of OCCURRENCES, continued.

LETTERS from Georgia, dated the 28th December last, give us to understand; that the Assembly of that Province, have fully harmonized with the Assemblies of their Sister Colonies, by asserting their constitutional Rights in a Number of spirited Resolves, and in petitioning their gracious Sovereign for a Redress of American Grievances, as also in the respectful Notice they have taken of the Virginia and Massachusetts circular Letters. The patriotick Conduct of this Assembly, does them the more Honour, as their Governor has been pleased to tell the World, that more than ordinary pains had been taken, to prevent their receiving and shewing Countenance and Support to the *Boston Letter*, and that notwithstanding this, they had suffered themselves to be influenced by the Conduct of other Provinces, and thereby deliberately laid him under the Necessity of dissolving the Assembly; Those Members who have thus dared to maintain the constitutional Rights of their Constituents, tho' threaten'd with political Death, by the Mandate of a M—r, have justly merited the grateful Acknowledgments of every American; and that their Names should live for ever, in the Annals of their Country.—Governor Wright's Speech upon this Occasion may lead us to imagine, that he would not have L—d H—ls—gh conclude that Governor Bernard, is the only Governor upon the Continent, who could reason with *Propriety*, upon the Justice and Policy of American Measures, but the good Gentleman ought to be borne with, as his Speech is quite *dispassionate*, and does not, like some others, discover the *basest Ingratitude* and the most *inveterate Enmity* against the People of his Government, or that he was *vain enough* to fancy himself capable of forming the Measures of Administration.

Feb. 11. The summoning of new Witnesses, respecting the Libels against Mr. Hancock still continues. A Clerk of that Gentleman, was this Day brought to Judge Auchmuty's Chamber, and closely examined; when this Trial will end we know not; as long as it continues, we shall notice their Procedure, that the Friends of Liberty, on the other Side of the Water, may be able to form some Idea of an American Court of Admiralty.

Feb. 12. The Prevalency of Vice and Profaneness, the Robberies, Thieving, House-breakings, &c. which have been committed since a certain Set of Men were sent among us, as we have been told by L—d H—ls—gh, to assist the Civil Magistrate, must greatly affect every Member of the Community, who views those licentious Proceedings, either in a moral or political Light. The faithful Magistrate at such a Day, has it in his Power to testify his Regard to the Honour of the Supreme Lawgiver, and his love to his Country, in his Endeavours to discountenance and suppress them: Those who have exerted themselves herein, have justly merited the Applause, and Esteem, of the Wise and Virtuous; and when any one Instance comes to our knowledge of Mr. Justice Murray, and the other late appointed Justices, having acted up to the true Character of reforming Magistrates; we shall with Pleasure record the same in this Journal.

Feb. 13. We have had more of Winter since February set in, than in all the preceding Months; the Ice having opened new Passages out of Town for the Soldiery, Desertions are more numerous than ever; notwithstanding all the Care of the Officers, and Vigilance of the Military Guards, which almost surround the Town, the Practice of sending out Sergeant's Parties in Disguise, still continues, but we do not hear of any one Defecter being brought back, excepting poor Ames, whose Execution is thought to have been as *impolitic* as it was illegal; it deters those Country People from making Discoveries, which the prospect of a Reward might tempt them to do, as they now apprehend, that this cannot be done without involving themselves in the Guilt of Blood.—We wish those Statesmen, on the other Side of the Water, who were in the Measures of sending Troops, could but look into Boston, and see the present State of the Regiments quartered among us; if all upon the British and Irish Establishment were

now in America, and were no fuller than the former, it has been conjectured, that the Number of British Troops would not, in such Case, exceed Twenty Thousand effective Men. What Policy must have been adopted by the British M—y! The sure Hold, Britains once had of Americans, by having their Affections, has been wantonly thrown away, for the *precarious* one, which a Body of Troops can only obtain; a few Regiments placed in Boston neither of which can be trusted without the Walls, lest the greater Part should disappear, or kept together within them, even by a Discipline hitherto exercised only in an Enemy's Country, is the goodly Power which has been thought sufficient to keep a whole Continent in Subjection. It was certainly a threwd Conjecture made by one in the House of C—m—ns, upon the first News of the Troops being peaceably landed in Boston, that we should now be better acquainted with ourselves, and with them.

Feb. 14. In the Papers brot' us by the last Post, we have seen with Pleasure, the Petition of the Pennsylvania Assembly, to his Majesty and both Houses of Parliament, in which that Assembly fully concur, with those of the other Colonies in asserting with great Decency and Loyalty, and a manly Firmness, the natural and constitutional Rights of Americans, not to be taxed, but by a Representation of their own; a Right, essential to a British Subject, and inseparable from the Idea of a free Government. It is now evident beyond a Doubt, that one Sentiment upon the grand Point, runs through all the Colonies, not excepting the Infant Settlement of Georgia, which tho' it must be supposed under particular Discouragements from asserting this Right, has yet dared to do it.

This Union is the Safety of Colonies, and a pleasing Omen in Favour of the great American Cause, which Patience and a persevering Firmness, must at Length bring to an happy Issue, both to the Parent Country and the Colonies. It is certain that the Right of Taxation is the Cause of the present Controversy between them; and the Colonies not conceding this Right to the British Parliament, is what has alarmed and offended Administration: An Union among the Colonies in this Point, is what they principally dreaded, and endeavoured to avoid.—Hence the *Impolitic* Dissolutions and Prorogations of the Colony Assemblies, adapted rather to confirm than change the Sentiments of the People; the liberal Spirit of the Massachusetts Assembly, and particularly the circular Letter, were considered as strongly leading to such a Union.—The warm Attachment of the Citizens of Boston to the Rights of America, and the patriotick Conduct of their Representatives were looked upon, as having no small Influence upon the Assembly; this is the true Source of that high Displeasure, expressed by the Secretary of State, for the American Department; and by other leading Men at Home, against the Massachusetts Assembly, and particularly the Town of Boston. Hence the Misrepresentations, and aggravated Accounts of Disorders here, transmitted to Administration, and too easily credited, to form a Pretence for treating this Town with particular Severity, and for placing so large a Body of Troops in its very Bowels; from an absurd Opinion that if the Spirit of Liberty was once thoroughly quelled in this Town, it not only be extinguished through the Province, but in all the Colonies. Vain Imaginings! One Spirit animates all America; and both the Justice and Importance of the Cause is so plain, that to quench this Spirit, all the Colonies must be absolutely destroyed. What has contributed to distinguish this Province, is the Residence of the Commissioners among us, and the uncommon Exertions of G. B. and his Tools, in Favour of Power, and to promote the most disagreeable Measures of Administration; Exertions that have however been so ill directed, that they have happily embarrassed rather than promoted the intended Plan.—Being pushed first, and more violently than our Neighbours, we were early and vigorous in the Opposition, and do not therefore arrogate upon this Account, any undue Merit to ourselves.—We rejoice to see the Colonies in the great Point of Right, completely united. Severe Measures towards any one, or the whole, must tend to confirm the Union. The tighter the Cord of unconstituted Power is drawn round this Bundle of Arrows, the firmer it will be; and

the Hand that can forceably break it, in such a Cause must be strong enough to break the Pillars of the British Constitution, and overturn the whole Nation.

Feb. 15. The Coasting Vessel which we have before told had been seized by a Guarda Costa for having a Barrel of Wine in the Run, which had not been cleared out; has been since libelled and condemned, at a Court of Admiralty, together with some New-England Tobacco, which was found on board upon unloading her;—It is proper to observe, that the only Pretence for stopping this Vessel was the *Cask of Wine*, but the Cause of the Condemnation was the Tobacco found on board; we must therefore leave it to the World to judge whether this, or like Circumstances can justify the Conduct of those Captains of our Guarda Costas, who, upon most frivolous and slight Pretences, shall take upon themselves to expose the Owners and Freighters of Coasting Vessels to the Charge and Damage of having their Vessels detained and unloaded, in order to search and rummage out a Pretence for their Condemnation.

Feb. 16. A concert Hall is again opened to all who have, or may commence Subscribers to such Musical Entertainments. We are told proper Concessions have been made Mr. Deblois, and that G—P—y, has engaged that the Officers of his Core, shall for the future behave with Decency, and agreeable to the Regulations of such Assemblies.

Feb. 17. There has been within these few Days a great many severe Whippings; among the Number chastised, was one of the Negro Drummers, who received One Hundred Lashes, in Part of One Hundred and Fifty, he was sentenced to receive at a Court Martial;—it is said this Fellow had adventured to beat Time at a Concert of Music, given at the Manufactory House.

A Court of Admiralty held on the Yesterday, when the Witnesses brought by Mr. Hancock, relative to the Libels, entered against him on Account of the Madeira Vessel, were examined;—The Court then adjourn'd to Tuesday next.

Feb. 18. One H—t lately T—d—e W—t—r, was sent for by the Comm—rs and closely examined by them, in hopes of fishing out some Matter which might support the Libels against Mr. Hancock;—It is said one B—r followed the said Person from the C—m—rs Chamber, and hinted to him, that if he would bring out any Thing to purpose against Mr. Hancock, he might be again restored to his Place, and otherwise find it to his advantage.

Feb. 19. To condemn a Person before he is acquainted with the Charge laid against him, and allowed to answer for himself, is plainly repugnant to the Principles of Equity; But it is certainly an higher Act of Injustice to treat a Community in this Manner:—None doubts that heavy Charges against the Town of Boston have been laid before Administration, which must affect the Interest of the whole Province, and remotely of all the Colonies, in their present critical Situation.—What has been alleged against the Town we know not, nor consequently in what Manner we are to make our Defence: It seems but just that the Servants of the Crown here, from whom an Account of Things is expected, should communicate to the People such Representations of Facts as may be supposed to operate against them with the Government at Home, that so they may have an Opportunity of vindicating themselves, as far as they can, before they feel its Displeasure. Instead of this, these Accounts are concealed with great Care; and the first Intimation the People have of them, is by their Effects;—who are left to guess at them, by the Influence they have actually had upon Governmental Measures.—This has certainly been the Case with the Town of Boston; to the Astonishment of all who are acquainted with its Transactions; it has been represented as in a State *subversive of all Law and Government*, when not one Instance can be produced, of the Interruption of Justice, in any of our Courts, not so much as those held by only a single Magistrate, nor even in the Courts of Admiralty; and the Duties exacted by the Laws of Trade, have been paid, at least as punctually as ever they were.—The Town has an undoubted Right, and has been solicitous to know, the particular Facts, upon which this general and heavy Charge has been founded; accordingly the Selectmen, from a tender Regard to the Welfare of the Inhabitants, have waited upon

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the Governor last Friday, with the following Address.

May it please your Excellency.

At a Time, when artful and mischievous Men have so far prevailed, as to foment and spread Divisions in the British Empire: When mutual Confidence, which had so long subsisted, with mutual Advantage between the Subjects in Britain and America, is in a great Measure broken: When Means are at length found, even to excite the Resentment of the Mother State against her Colonies; and they are publicly charged with being in a State of Disobedience to Law, and ready to resist the constitutional Authority of the Nation: The selectmen of this Metropolis, cannot be the unconcerned or silent Spectators of the Calamities which in Consequence thereof have already fallen upon its Inhabitants.

To behold this Town surrounded with Ships of War, and military Troops even in a Time of Peace, quartered in its very Bowels; exercising a Discipline, with all the Severity which is used in a Garrison, and in a State of actual War, is truly alarming to a free People. And what still heightens the Misfortune is, that our Gracious Sovereign and his Ministers have formed such an Idea of the present State of the Town, as to induce a Necessity of this naval and military Force, for the Aid of the Civil Magistrate in the Preservation of its Peace and good Order.

Your Excellency can witness for the Town, that no such Aid is necessary: Loyalty to the Sovereign, and an inflexible Zeal for the Support of His Majesty's Authority, and the happy Constitution, is its just Character: And we may appeal to the impartial World, that Peace and Order were better maintained in the Town before it was even rumoured that his Majesty's Troops were to be quartered among us than they have been since. Such a Measure then we are persuaded, would never have been ordered by the Wisdom of the British Administration, had not the Necessity of it been drawn from the Representations of some of his Majesty's Servants in this Province.

Your Excellency will allow us to express our Opinion, that the public Transactions of the Town, and the Behaviour of some of its individual Inhabitants have been greatly misapprehended by his Majesty's Ministers.

We therefore in Duty to the Town we have the Honour to serve, respectfully wait on your Excellency, and pray that you would be pleased to communicate to us such Representations of Facts only as you have judged proper to make since the Commencement of the last Year. And as there is a prevailing Report, that Depositions are and have been taken *ex parte*, to the Prejudice of the Town and particular Persons, may we not assure ourselves that your Excellency will in Justice cause to be laid before us such other Representations as may have come to your Knowledge, that the Town knowing clearly and precisely what has been alleged against it, may have an Opportunity of vindicating itself.

Attest. WILLIAM COOPER, Town-Clerk.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.

By the brig Ann and Catharine, Capt. James Cooper, from Leghorn, but last from the island of Sardinia, we have the following advices, That during his stay in Leghorn, the Corsicans and the French had five engagements, in all which the Corsicans had gained the victory, that they had killed and taken prisoners ten or twelve hundred, among which was a French General. It was generally thought and expected there, that the Corsicans would entirely rout the French out of the island this winter. Mr. Henry Bambridge of this city had been sent by Sir John Dick, the English Consul at Leghorn, to Corfica, to take Paoli's portrait, which he had accordingly done, and it was sent for England before Capt. Cooper sailed from Leghorn, for which he was presented with two chequins. It is said at Leghorn, that an English frigate was certainly arrived at Corfica, with a present for General Paoli from the court ladies, who had drank his health. An account also arrived, that a free exportation of corn was allowed out of Sardinia and Sicily to France, Spain and Portugal, and that they had the appearance of very fine crops there as well as throughout all Italy.

Capt. Weeks from Cadiz informs, that a sloop belonging to New-York failed from thence for Mogadore the latter end of December, and that Capt. Reynolds in a brig belonging to New-York, and Capt. Sawyer in a brig belonging to Boston failed the beginning of January for Larach, where Capt. Reynolds was safe arrived.

The Members of the Crown and Beaver Fire Company, at their last meeting, have unanimously agreed not to purchase any LAMB, or suffer any to be consumed in their families the present season.

FREEMAN'S ALMANACK,

Having been much called for since the first Edition has been all sold off, And many People being not yet supplied, We have therefore reprinted a few Hundreds, which may be had at the Printing-Office, at the Exchange at the usual Price.

Lately published and to be sold

At the Printing-Office at the Exchange,

THE TRIAL at large of Captain DANIEL DISNEY, For the barbarous and inhuman Assassination of THOMAS WALKER, Esq; of Montreal. In which the Circumstances of that most horrid Affair, are particularly enumerated, and from the exquisitely judicious Remarks of the Attorney General, at the opening of the Case, and on the Evidence given before the Court, the Reader is left in no Doubt as to the real perpetrators of that execrable Fact.

Benjamin Booth,

Has imported in the General Gage, and the last Vessels from England, a large and general Assortment of Merchandize, suitable for the Season, which he sells on his usual low Terms, for Cash;—He has for Sale, the best

ENGLISH and Russia Duck,

London Pewter,

Nails of all Sizes.

He begs Leave to acquaint his Customers, that he shall remove on the 1st of February into the large new Store of Mr. Peter Clopper, near the Corner of Maiden Lane, at the Upper End of the Fly-Market.

ALL persons indebted to Capt. Peter Dobson, are desired to make immediate payment, to the subscriber, and those who have any demands, to bring in their accounts to

EDWARD LAIGHT.

To be SOLD, by
MANUEL MYERS,

In Stone-Street,

NEW-YORK distill'd rum, West-India ditto, by the hoghead or barrel, cordials of the best quality, cider vinegar, white wine ditto; beef and pork, and a few boxes of green wax candles.

Hackinsack, Feb. 22d, 1769.

THE Public is hereby informed that the Grammar School, near the town of Hackinsack is still continued, and that a large, commodious and elegant edifice is erected for the better accommodation of the scholars.

The place is in all respects well calculated for a public school. Boarding is as cheap, and as reasonable as can be desired: there is little opportunity of contracting vicious habits, and the inhabitants are so emulous to prevent them, that Peter Zabrickie, Esq; & other residents in the place, have voluntarily engaged to exert themselves, in conjunction with the teacher, for the preservation of the morals of the youth, and for checking the first symptoms of vice.

Notwithstanding the malevolent insinuations that have been industriously propagated with regard to the method of instruction practised by the subscriber, several gentlemen both of abilities and figure, have expressed their highest approbation, both of the method of tuition and progress of the youth under his care: nor can he, by carefully observing the methods of others, find, that he has omitted any thing in his plan, (since he has had the liberty of choosing for himself) which others have retained. But as he has not the talent of puffing himself into fame, he must leave the proof of his alacrity and diligence to the best test, experience.

He returns his most hearty thanks to those who have already entrusted him with the education of their children, and hopes by his care and pains to merit the continuance of their favours.

Navigation, the Italian method of book-keeping, surveying and other branches of the mathematics, are also taught, at reasonable rates, by The public's humble servant,
PETER WILSON.

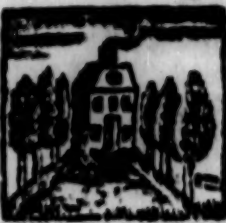
New-Rochelle, Feb. 1st, 1769.

To the PUBLIC.

LATELY settled in this place, a French clergyman, that can be well recommended, and has opened a grammar-school, in the house late in the occupation of Mr. Abrams, wherein he proposes to teach the French language, together with geography, ancient and modern history, &c. the youth of both sexes.—He also intends to teach the Latin and Greek tongues, with the classics, in order to fit for the college those who are desirous of this part of education.—Proper care will be taken of the pupils' morals, and they may be boarded on very reasonable terms. The parents who will favour him with encouragement, may apply for further information, both in regard to the places of board, and manner of tuition, to the following gentlemen, viz. Judge Bleecker, and Captain Besley, Messrs. Vallade and De Biez, or any other gentlemen of the place; and in New-York of Messrs. Anthony and John Bleecker, merchants.

TO BE SOLD.

A Plantation in Middle-town, containing 200 acres, more or less, as may best suit the purchaser, of good kind land, bounded on two brooks of fine running water, one on the east side, and one on the west side; about 70 acres clear and within good fence, and about 12 acres of good fresh mowing meadow, and as much more may be made with a little trouble; there is a plenty of good timber and York-wood; there is on it a tolerable good house and an orchard of about 100 large apple-trees, with some peach-trees, plum and cherry-trees; it lies about a mile and half from the bay by Chingarois point, where is plenty of fish, oysters and clams, and about a mile from a grist-mill, and half a mile from a saw-mill: Whoever inclines to purchase the said plantation, let them apply to James Kearny who lives about a mile and a half from the premises, who will agree on reasonable terms, and will give a sufficient title for the same.



To be SOLD,
A HARPSICORD, completely fitted, Maker's Name (Mahoon, London:) For Particulars inquire of W. RICE, Organist.

WANTED,

A Good Clerk, well recommended for his Abilities and Fidelity, to serve in an Iron Work. Inquire of the Printer. March 8.

WHEREAS very little regard has been paid to the advertisement of the executors to the last will and testament of Joris Brinkerhoff, deceased; These are therefore to require all persons indebted to the aforesaid estate, to make a settlement with Dirck or Abraham Brinkerhoff, two of the aforesaid executors, on or before the 20th day of May next, or their accounts will be put in suit, without any further notice, by

Dirck Brinkerhoff,
Abraham Brinkerhoff,
Abraham Van Duerfen,
Dirck Brinkerhoff, jun. } Executors.

To be SOLD,

At public Vendue, on the 28th Day of this Instant,

A Lot of land contain-ing about ten acres, with a dwelling house, barn, and store house thereon, and on the lot is a good bearing orchard of divers sorts of fruit, the land is good for mowing and pasture, and lies on the post road, near Byram river, in the township of Rye, and province of New-York, now in the possession of the subscriber: The whole is well situated for a shop keeper, tavern, or tradesman, and if it suits the buyer, the purchase money may lie several years, with giving satisfactory security, The vendue to begin at 10 o'clock, at the premises, and a good title given, by

[DANIEL HAWKURST.

Rev. 4th March, 1769.

PROPOSALS for Printing by Subscription, the following Work, which is now in the Press, and soon to be published.

AN HISTORICAL JOURNAL,

OF THE
CAMPAIGNS IN NORTH AMERICA,

For the Years 1757, 8, 9, and 60,

CONTAINING every remarkable Occurrence during that Period, with the Orders of the Admirals and General Officers, Descriptions of the Countries where the Author served, the Forts, Garrisons, Climates, Soil, Produce, and a Diary of the Weather; the several Manifestos, &c. published by the British and French Generals, and the late Bishop of Canada.

By **CAPTAIN JOHN KNOX,** Dedicated to Lieut. General Sir Jeffery Amherst, late Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Forces in that Country, who has assisted the Author with

The Use of all his PAPERS relating to this Subject.

It will be elegantly printed and comprised in two Volumes Quarto, Price Fifty Shillings New-York Currency; two Dollars to be paid on subscribing, and the Books shall be delivered immediately after they are received from London. Subscriptions are taken in by JAMES RIVINGTON, in Wall-Street.

By Command of his Excellency the GOVERNOR. For the Entertainment of the Right Worshipful the Grand Master, the Masters, Wardens, and Brethren, of the Ancient and Honourable Society of Free and Accepted Masons;

By the American Company, At the Theatre in John-Street, on Monday the 27th of March, Inst. will be presented a Comedy, never acted there, call'd, The

TENDE HUSBAND,

OR THE
ACCOMPLISH'D FOOLS.

With a Prologue and an Epilogue, and several Songs, proper for the Occasion.

To which will be added, a

PANTOMIME ENTERTAINMENT.

The Company of all the Brethren in Town, is earnestly requested, to meet at Burns's, at five o'clock on the Day of Performance, and walk from thence in Procession, to the Theatre, where the Pit will be reserved for their Accommodation.

BOXES and PIT, 8s. GALLERY 3s.

TO be sold at public Vendue, on the premises, on Monday the third of April next.

THE very beautifully situated, and convenient house and lot of ground, at the head of Marshpath creek, being the public landing, in the bounds of New-town, in Queen's county, on Long-Island, belonging to William Sackett, about seven miles from New-York, either by land or water.

The house is large and well constructed,—a large barn and other out-houses convenient;—the lot contains about thirty acres of most excellent land, with a good orchard of fruit trees, of various kinds—the public road from New-York and Brookland ferry to New-town, leads by the place, at a convenient distance from the house; from which there is a pretty prospect of meadows and creeks.—Oysters, crabs and fish plenty, in their seasons.—Likewise two lots of wood-land, one of seven acres, within a mile of the dwelling-house, and another of five acres, about two miles distant.—Likewise a piece of salt meadow, yearly affording about six or seven loads of hay.

Part of the money will be wanted soon after the sale, the remainder in two yearly payments.—The conditions will be more fully set forth at the place and time of sale,

By WILLIAM SACKET, jun.

M. P H I I
Has lately imported
A New Assortment of a
fancied Goods, of
genteelest Taste, too tedious

A few Hog
Choice **JAMA**
TO BE S

WILLIAM
Near the COFFEE-

A N C

FROM one
Weight, made of the very
Anchor Smith in America; equi
to any made in Europe.—A L

Cast Iron NUTS, for grinds
JOHN

Near Coenties Market, where
short Notice, with Anchors for

New-Y

The SUB
HAVING o

and Night School, in
that he teaches the following
delity, viz. Orthography or
Pronunciation, which the Pup
alone; but by ocular Exam
of some of the Organs of Spee
cannot avoid (if he tries) pron
Reading with proper Stops,
and a Delivery, varied and ge
is also carefully attended to, a
shall be pleased to inspect the
metic, Vulgar and Decimal,
Solids, &c. and that in a very
to Mercantile Affairs. Mere
the most approved Method,
Double Entry, illustrated by
cient to render the whole sy
Capacity.

WHEREAS the

which was burnt down
May, 1769, is now rebuilt,
Townsend: They take this
tlemen, Merchants and other
apply to William Hawhurst
good Assortment of their An
Gentlemen choosing longer t
elors than common, may by
Hawhurst, depend on their b
and Dispatch; and that the
chors of any Weight under 5
left than those imported from
Colonies are now sold at in t
excepted) upon a little Not
with Pieces of Iron drawn con
Carriage-Axletrees, Mill-Spi
for making Rudder-Irons.

N. B. Said Hawhurst h
Bar-Iron, mark'd A Noble, d
Ax-making, Cart, Waggon,
Sterling Pig-Iron, Pots, Kett
Boxes, Forge Plates, Mill-
(which are warranted found
Rates.

Said Hawhurst buys hos
Leather Breaches, pickled Co

WHEREAS the Rev. John
Rye and the White Plains
the help of distracted Persons,
ful in the Cure of them, but be
firm,—has therefore communi
Hooker Smith, who hereby infu
White Plains, and is ready to
Terms; any Persons whose Pri
of his Relief and Help in so d
house or elsewhere: And as m
Persons who have been given u
der the Direction of the ablest
where, and as this is a peculiar
Practice; shall be obliged to en
recommend. I would further b
infalibly determine the curable
Age, Inclination, Constitution,
for Particulars, any Person
Ryeman, in New-York.

White Plains, Sept. 29. 1

Pursuant to an

act to prevent frauds
hereby given, to all the cre
absconding debtor, that the
said creditors, are ready t
said creditors, of the said
we the said subscribers, herel
meet at the house of Stephe
the township of Hempstead,
vince of New-York, on the
dividend of the said estate m
ditors. Dated the fourteenth

64 67

M. PHILLIPS,

Has lately imported from London ;
A New Assortment of all Sorts of Millenary and
fancied Goods, of the newest Fashion and
gentleest Taste, too tedious to mention.

A few HOGSHEADS of
Choice JAMAICA RUM,
TO BE SOLD AT
WILLIAM MERCIER'S,
Near the COFFEE-HOUSE. 51—

ANCHORS,
FROM one to ten Hundred
Weight, made of the very best of Bar Iron, by the best
Anchor Smith in America ; equal, if not superior in Quality
to any made in Europe.

A L S O,
Cast Iron NUTS, for grinding Apples, to be sold by
JOHN ABEL,
Near Counties Market, who can supply any Gentlemen on
short Notice, with Anchors from 1000 to 1500 Weight.
39 90

New-York, January 5, 1769.

The SUBSCRIBER,
HAVING opened his Day
and Night School, informs the respectable Public,
that he teaches the following Branches of Literature with Fi-
delity, viz. Orthography or true Spelling. Orthography or just
Pronunciation, which the Pupil is taught, not by Precept
alone ; but by ocular Example, and manual Application
of some of the Organs of Speech, in such a Manner, that he
cannot avoid (if he tries) pronouncing whatever is required ;
Reading with proper Stops, Emphasis, Cadence, Quantity
and a Delivery, varied and governed by the Sense. Writing
is also carefully attended to, as will be evident to any who
shall be pleased to inspect the Progress of his Pupils ; Arith-
metic, Vulgar and Decimal, Mensuration of Superficies,
Solids, &c. and that in a very familiar Method, well adapted
to Mercantile Affairs. Merchants Accounts according to
the most approved Method, by Charge and Discharge or
Double Entry, illustrated by a Variety of Specimens, suffi-
cient to render the whole system familiar to the tenderest
Capacity. (63 66)

Hugh Hughes.

WHEREAS the Sterling Anchory,
which was burnt down in the Night of the 23d of
May, 1767, is now rebuilt, and carried on by Noble and
Townsend : They take this Method to acquaint the Gen-
tlemen, Merchants and others, who will be kind enough to
apply to William Hawhurst, in New-York, that he has a
good Assortment of their Anchors by him, and that any
Gentlemen choosing longer shank'd or broader palm'd An-
chors than common, may by leaving their Orders with said
Hawhurst, depend on their being executed with Punctuality
and Dispatch ; and that they will undertake to make An-
chors of any Weight under 50 Cts. for a Half Penny per lb.
less than those imported from Europe or the neighbouring
Colonies are now sold at in this City (second Hand anchors
excepted) upon a little Notice any one may be supplied,
with Pieces of Iron drawn convenient for Fullers Screw-Pins
Carriage-Axletrees, Mill-Spindles and Cranks, and large Bars
for making Rudder-Irons.

N. B. Said Hawhurst has also to sell, Sterling refin'd
Bar-Iron, mark'd A Noble, drawn convenient for Sithe and
Ax-making, Cart, Waggon, and Chair Tire : Likewise,
Sterling Pig-Iron, Pots, Kettles, and Pot-Ash ditto ; Carriage
Boxes, Forge Plates, Mill-Rounds, and Mill-Gudgeons,
(which are warranted sound and good (at very reasonable
Rates.

Said Hawhurst buys home made Stockings and Shoes,
Leather Breeches, pickled Cod-Fish, and Horse-Mackerel.

WHEREAS the Rev. John Smith, Minister of the Gospel in
Rye and the White Plains, is possessed of a Piece of Skill for
the help of distracted Persons, and has been for many Years suc-
cessful in the Cure of them, but being advanced in Years and very in-
firm,—has therefore communicated his Skill to his Son William
Hooker Smith, who hereby informs the Public, that he lives at the
White Plains, and is ready to serve in such Cases, on reasonable
Terms ; any Persons whose Friends or Relations may stand in Need
of his Relief and Help in so deplorable a Case, either at his own
House or elsewhere : And as my Father has relieved a Number of
Persons who have been given up as incurable, who have been un-
der the Direction of the ablest Physicians in New-York and else-
where, and as this is a peculiar Piece of Skill, beside the common
Practice ; shall be obliged to any Person of the Faculty that will
recommend. I would further inform the Public, that I can almost
infallibly determine the curable Persons by an Examination of the
Age, Inclination, Constitution, Shape and Make of the Head, &c.
for Particulars, any Person desirous may inquire of Mr. Isaac
Rytman, in New-York. **WILLIAM HOOKER SMITH.**
White Plains, Sept. 29, 1768. 44 63

PURSUANT to an act, entitled, "an
act to prevent frauds in debtors ;" public notice is
hereby given, to all the creditors of Thomas Mitchell, an
absconding debtor, that the subscribers, being trustees for all
the said creditors, are ready to make a dividend among the
said creditors, of the said Thomas Mitchell's estate : And
we the said subscribers, hereby desire all the said creditors to
meet at the house of Stephen Cornell, situate at Success, in
the township of Hempstead, in Queen's County, in the Pro-
vince of New-York, on the fifth day of May next ; that a
dividend of the said estate may be made among the said cre-
ditors. Dated the fourteenth day of February, 1769.

64 67

JOSEPH BURR,
ROBERT MITCHELL, jun.
CHARLES HICKS, jun.

TO BE LET,

A House in Dock-Street, between
Counties Market and the Old Slip, next Door to Mr.
Gerardus Duyckinck :—Inquire of **CORNELIUS CLOP-
PER,** in Hanover-Square. 94 67

To be LET, and entered on immediately,
A Commodious House, two Sto-
ries high, four Fire Places, a good dry Cellar and a
Kitchen, all well finished, in which Nicholas Kilman
did live, on the South Side of Roosevelt's Slip, fronting the
North-River :—Inquire of **NICHOLAS ROOSEVELT.**
65—

Perry, Hays & Sherbrooke,
Have for Sale,
A Few Hogheads of choice new
HEMPSEED. 65 69

A GARDENER,
LATELY come to Town, who under-
stands his Business extremely well, has a good Re-
commendation and wants Employment, may be heard of,
at the House of Anderse Ladner, Inn Keeper in Division-
Street, New-York. 65 68

JACOB ROOME,
TAKES this Method to inform
the Public, that he makes this Country Flour of
Mustard, at his Dwelling House in Broad-Street, in New-
York ; he gives ready Money for good clean Mustard Seed,
he likewise has for Sale, a strong able Negro Man. 64 67

The New-York Air Furnace Company,
have for Sale at their Foundry, a large Assortment of the
following cast Iron Ware, which is allowed by proper
Judges to be equal if not superior to any made in Europe
or America, viz.

POTTS, kettles, skillets and tea
kettles, stew and pie pans, pot ash kettles and coolers,
sugar boilers large kettles, used in the whale fishery, rollers
for sugar works and malt mills ; forge hammers and anvils,
perpetual ovens, Bath stoves, square and round stoves for
work-shops or ship's cabins, &c. ships cabooses, mill round,
and gudgeons, mortars and pestles ; iron dogs, hatters ba-
sons, cart, waggon and chair boxes of all sizes ; half hun-
dreds and smaller weights, iron bars for sugar houses and
other uses, girdles, large ferrets for spermaceti works—large
plates to cover the whole bottom of the oven, with a rim
round the edge, for calcining pot ash ; fullers plates, boil-
ing plates, figured and plain chimney backs, jamb plates, and
layers agreeable to any pattern that shall be left at the found-
ery, or with **RICHARD SHARPE,** or **PETER T.
CURTENIUS.**

N. B. A black-smith, who understands his business it wan-
ting. 35 57

To be SOLD, by
JONATHAN HAMPTON,
IN CHAPL-STREET, NEW-YORK,
Opposite Captain Andrew Law's ;



A Large and neat
Assortment of
Windsor Chairs, made
in the best and neatest
Manner, & well paint-
ed, viz. High back'd,
low back'd and Sack-
back'd Chairs and Set-
tees, or double seated,
fit for Piazza or Gar-
dens,—Children's din-
ing and low Chairs,
&c.

N. B. As the above
HAMPTON intends
constantly to keep a
large Number of all
Sorts of the above
Chairs by him for Sale,
all Persons wanting such, may depend on being supplied
with any Quantity, Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable
Rates. 65 72

L. KILBRUN'S
PAINT STORE,
At the White-Hall, NEW-YORK.
HATH FOR SALE,

WHITE lead
Spanish brown
Yellow oaker
Verdigrise
Red lead
Linsed oil
White varnish
Spirits of turpentine
Vermillion
Prussian blue
White Vitriol
Spanish whiting
Paint brushes,
And all sorts of crown
Window-glass.
Also portrait painter's colours, canvas, hair and Fitch pen-
cils, tools and gilt car'd frames for portraits ; leaf-gold, and
silver, do. &c. 35—

RUN away the 20th instant, Feb.
from the subscriber, a little apprentice boy, named
Philip Sparling, about four feet high, much pitted with the
small-pox : Had on when he went away, a pair of good
buckskin breeches, but much soiled, and no coat, waist-
coat, nor hat ; looks to be old. All masters of vessels are
desired to take notice, that any person who either takes
away, or harbours the said apprentice, will be proceeded
against as the law directs ; and any person who shall bring
the said apprentice to me, in the city of New-York, living
near the Baptist meeting house, shall have Two Dollars re-
ward, and all reasonable costs and charges paid, by
CHARLES MILLER.
64 67

To be LET, from the first of May next,
THE house now in the possession
of Mr. John Watson, at the corner of Pearl-Street,
It is very pleasantly situated : Inquire of Thomas Randall,
in New-York, or Capt. Stephen Richard, in Elizabeth-Town.
66 69

To be sold at public Vendue,
At the Merchant's Coffee-House, the tenth Day of April next,
THE house and lot of ground on
Golden-hill, now in the possession of Robert Leay-
craft, baker : The lot is in length one hundred and four
feet, and in front and rear twenty three feet,—there is on
the said lot of ground, two tenements, which lets for thirty
pounds. Any person inclining to purchase at private sale,
may apply to said **ROBERT LEAYCRAFT**, who will give
an indisputable title for the same. 66 69

TO BE LET,
On long Leases, either together or in small Parcels.
FOUR or Five Hundred Acres of Land,
Part of the Manor of Morrisania, lying
on Harlem River, nearly opposite to the
Town of Harlem : For Conditions inquire
of Richard Morris, Esq. in New-York, or
of Lewis Morris, at Morrisania.
The said Lewis Morris, has for Sale,
several Hundred Acres of good Land, in the Manor of Ford-
ham, which he will sell together or in small Parcels, as shall
best suit the Purchaser. 66 69

NOTICE is hereby given, that the
plantation belonging to George Hicks, absconded,
lying opposite to Middletown Point, in East New-Jersey, will
be exposed to sale by way of public vendue, at the house
of Jarrett Wall, at Mount-pleasant, on Friday the 31st day
of March next. The said plantation contains about 120
acres of land, whereon is a dwelling house, barn, a very
good bearing orchard, some very good salt meadow, and
not much of the land cleared. The vendue to begin at one
o'clock said day, where the conditions of sale will be pub-
lished. January the 16th, 1769. 66 69

By us **JOHN BURROWS,**
JARRETT WALL, and } Auditors.
LEWIS FORMAN,

To be SOLD,
And enter'd upon the first of May next,
THE House and Ground where
Mangel Minthorn, Cooper, now lives, in Broad-
Street. A L S O,
To be enter'd upon the 25th of March, or sooner if sold,
A Store House in Queen-Street, and Lot
of Ground 24 Feet in Front and about 60 Feet deep : In-
quire of (63—) **ABRAHAM COCK,** Cooper.

PURSUANT to an order of the ho-
nourable Charles Read, and John Berrien, Judges of
the supreme court of judicature for the province of New-
Jersey : Notice is hereby given to the respective creditors of
John M'Kinzie, an insolvent debtor, in the gaol of the
county of Morris, that they be, and appear, on Wednesday
the fifth day of April next, at nine o'clock in the morning,
at the court house in Perth-Amboy, in the county of Middle-
sex, to show cause (if any they have) why the said John
M'Kinzie, should not be discharged, agreeable to a late act
of the legislature of the said province, for the relief of insol-
vent debtors. 66 69

Morris Town, Feb. 12th, 1769.
HENRY REMSEN,
JUNIOR, and COMPANY ;
Have just imported for Sale, on the lowest terms, and now
opening at their Store in Hanover-Square, the following assort-
ment of GOODS :

SCARLET, blue, green,
black, brown, and mixt
board-cloths, in half pieces
Blue cloth for women's wear
Scarlet, blue, claret colour and
grey mixt, Bath beaver
coatings
Scarlet and blue silk and worst-
ed cord for cloaks.
Blue and red strouds
Striped and Indian blankets
Kersey blanketing
8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 blankets
Blue, green, red and grey 6-4
frizes
Narrow frizes of all colours
Plains and forest cloths
Spotted ermine
Pearl-nights of all colours
Bearskin and coating
Blue and red duffels
Saxon green broad boys
Blue, red, green, yellow, brown
and emboid'd serges
Willons, sagathies, and Shalloons
Very cheap serge denim
Blue and brown kerseys
Striped flannels and coverlids
Everlastings and drawboys
Blue drab cloth, Figur'd amens
Durant and Calimancoe
Irish and German linens
Printed and pencil'd furniture
callicoes, and printed cottons
Purple and other callicoes
Light and dark ground chintz
Crimson barrateens
Irish sheeting
7-8 and 3-4 dowles and garlix
Black taffeties
Coloured persians, narrow ditto
Peelongs and figured modes
Cambricks and lawns
Packet ditto
Pistol lawns, buckram
Bed bunts and Flanders tick
Bombazeen, cravats
Manchester velvets
Worsted plush
Checks of all sorts
Ribbons and gimps
Quality and shoe binding
Gartering, tapes
Pins and needles
Plain and figur'd silk mitts
Linen and cotton handkerchiefs
Buckles, button links
Thread, shirt buttons
Buttons, twist, silk, and hair
Muffateers, fans, knee garters
Cotton romalls, and Barcelona
handkerchiefs
Women's purple, white, black
and cloth colour mitts & gloves
Men's shammy, wash leather
and best buckskin gloves
Women's and Girl's black worst-
ed mitts
Men's single and double strip'd
worsted caps
Men's cotton Germantown caps
Men's grey rib'd knit stockings
Men's and Women's worsted
stockings
Ivory and horn combs
Blank books, playings cards
Paste boards, Ink powder
Writing paper, &c. &c. &c.
A L S O,
The very best sort of wood-
cards, Scotch snuff, castor and
felt hats ; white and black
sailors bound hats. A few clocks
without cases, that can be well
recommended. —44 47—

JARVIS ROEBUCK,
CORK-CUTTER, at the Foot of POT-BAKERS-HILL,
sells all Sorts of Cork and Corks, Wholesale and Retail,
at the lowest Prices, viz.

L ONG French corks	Cork soles for shoes
Short long ditto	Corks for women's clogs
Belt velvet do.	Swimming corks
Common fine do.	Pickling, jar, stone,
Phial do.	Mustard & snuff bottle corks,
With all sorts of common	Floats for fishing nets
Corks, and brewers do.	

He has also imported from London, callimancoes, durants, tammies and shalloons; quilted petticoats,—also a neat assortment of jewellry and grocery, together with a good assortment of shop goods; Cheshire cheese, fresh oatmeal, anchovies, capers and olives.

N. B. Cork jackets of different prices, for swimming, which has saved many from drowning.

City of New-York, New Street, (the Upper End)

October 31, 1768.

CAVE JONES,

CONVEYANCER and SCRIVENER:

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public in general, that having served a regular Clerkship to the Profession of the Law in LONDON, and assisted for four Years thereafter, the first Practitioners there; He in that Time acquired the just Knowledge of the above Business, and will in future prepare (in a perfect Manner) Deeds for the absolute Conveyance of Property, Mortgages, Wills, Deeds of Gift, Articles of Copartnership, and all other Instruments of Writing, to such Effect, as to prevent Disputes and litigious Law-Suits, upon Terms (even at this dreary Time) no Way exceptionable. Particulars whereof will be made known upon Application at his Abode as above. He would also assist Merchants, or others, in collecting their Monies, either upon Commission or Agreement. And will solicit Cash, if upon indisputable Security in this Province. The Subscriber humbly hopes to receive Encouragement from those capacitated, as being truly willing to assist all in indigent Circumstances, so far as may possibly prove in his Power. Any Favours conferred, will be most thankfully received, and ever gratefully acknowledged, by

The Public's truly obedient,
And very humble Servant,
CAVE JONES.

No evident Service rendered, no Reward requested.
Strict Secrecy may be depended upon.

OTHO PARISIEN,

SILVER-SMITH,

Living near Peck's Slip, opposite to Mr. Vandervoort's,

RETURNS Thanks to his Customers for past Favours, and hopes their Continuance; which he shall endeavour to deserve, by supplying those Gentlemen and Ladies who please to employ him, with all Kinds of wrought Plate, either chased or plain, according to any Pattern they shall please to send or direct; and by doing the Work in the best and neatest Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.

N. B. The upper Part of his House to be let. 62 63

WILLIAM PEARSON,

Clock and Watch-Maker, near the Merchant's Coffee-House,
BEGS leave to inform the public, that he makes, mends, and repairs, all sorts of clocks and watches, after the best and cheapest rates; likewise has to sell, some very neat silver and pinchbeck watches, which he will warrant for any reasonable time; a very neat musical clock, a neat assortment of chains, seals, &c. All Gentlemen or Ladies, that choose to favour him with their commands, either in town or country, may depend on having them executed after the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

By their very humble servant.

N. B. He cleans clocks by the year. 64 67

HAYMAN LEVY,

In BAYARD-STREET,

A Choice parcel of Indian dres'd deer leather, and red skins in the hair; old coat and green beaver, racoon and musquash, &c. Shot and ball, vermilion, &c.—A quantity of drilling for soldiers breeches, Irish linen, shirts, shoes, soldiers tents, belts of arms, tin canteens, &c.

West-India rum, bohea tea, pepper, indigo, cotton wool, roll brimstone; whiting in hogheads, velvet corks, sponge, fall duck, and sundry other dry goods: An assortment of earthen ware,—a few sets neat marble chimney pieces, and a few dozen best Batavia arrack, &c. &c. &c. 65 68

To be let and enter'd upon the first of May next, THE house in which Nicholas Roosevelt now lives, at the lower end of Thames-Street, on the wharf, fronting the North River; the conveniences and commodiousness of the situation excels any on the river; it fronts two slips, one of which is near 200 feet broad, and the greatest part of the year is fill'd with boats and crafts from the Jerseys and North River: the house will suit a merchant or shop keeper, and great quantities of rum, sugar, molasses and salt, with all manner of dry goods, have a ready vent; it is a roomy convenient house, with 7 fire places, a large yard, in which is a pump and cistern; a garden, and a grass plat: likewise a silver-smiths Shop to be let, and the tools of the trade to be sold. Also to be sold by said Roosevelt, a parcel of ready made silver large and small, viz. silver tea-pots, tea-spoons, silver hilted swords, false boats, salts and shovels, teap spoons, both scollop and plain, table spoons, tea tongs, punch ladles and strainers; milk pots, snuff boxes, and sundry other small articles, (both gold and silver) as buckles, clasps, buttons, broaches, rings and lockets, both plain and set with paste, moco, &c. &c. &c. which he will sell very reasonably, as he intends declining business and moving into the country this spring. 66—

TO BE LET,
THREE Lots of Ground, situate at the Ship Yards, each Lot is fifty Feet in Front and Two Hundred Feet deep:—Inquire of ANNE BURKE, at the Old Slip. 63 66

Just imported from the Maker, and original Inventor, now in London, the rightly prepared and improved

LIQUID TRUE BLUE.

THIS Preparation will give to Silk if white, a most beautiful Blue; if yellow a fine Green; if Red or Pink, a rich and agreeable Purple, by a Method so perfectly easy, as renders it useful to all Families, only pouring a little of the Liquid into a Quantity of Water, no matter how large, and whether it be hot or cold, and the Silk will immediately Drain the Dye from the Water, and become of the lively Colours mentioned above: A Phial is fully sufficient for a complete Suit, but as for other small Things, as Hats, Shades, Ribbons, &c. a Phial will serve many Times, and if well cork'd up will always keep good. It is provided with Directions that shews not only how to manage the Dye, but also the Silk, that it may be finished to Perfection.—To be sold Wholesale and Retail by Mr. NORT, Bookfeller, and by the Printer hereof, in New-York, where all Dealers in the British Plantations may be supplied; and may have a Specimen of the Colours, with the Hand and Seal of Mr. FALCK, Inventor, and principal Proprietor of this Liquid, which serves as a Certificate to all Venders in the British Dominions, to guard against Counterfeits.

Price 3 6 d. New-York Currency.
Mr. Falck begs Leave to observe, that it is his Original Invention, first made Public in New-York, 1766, and since in England. He returns his sincere Thanks to the Ladies and the Public in General, for the kind Reception he has met with; he has brought it to its Perfection, and will make it his study to give continual Satisfaction. He earnestly cautions the Public against the Impositions of Counterfeits, which have appeared in New-York since his Absence, (an Inconvenience which Useful Inventions generally labour under by Quacks, whose Study it is to impose on the Public) which he hopes will be attended to, and the Counterfeit treated with that Contempt it deserves. 59—

JOHN THURMAN, jun.

In the *Jemima*, from London, and other Vessels, has imported a large Assortment of Goods, which he is selling at his Store in Wall-Street, the Corner of Smith-Street, at the lowest Rates for Cash, as he purchased the Goods himself from the Manufacturers;—he does not Doubt but their Cheapness will be a sufficient Recommendation to Traders and Shop Keepers to become his Customers, amongst which are,

BEST heart and club steel, gun powder F, FF, FFF, bohea and green teas, Russia duck, Drilling's sheeting, diaper, &c. brown robes, ozonburgs, 7-8 and 9-4 dowlas and garlis, brown and white Pomeranians, brown holland, Stileas, napkins and clotting diaper and lamajets, ditto table cloths, broad and piglet lawns, white callicotes and muslins of all sorts, India Persians, remalls, chintz, &c. a large assortment of callicotes and English chintzes; printed handkerchiefs, Holland and Hambrough long lawns, all sorts of Dutch tapes, pretties, twist, lace, nuns, wechlin, inland, stitching, long, dozen, flowering, Scotch and colour threads; a good assortment of Manchester goods, all sorts of buttons and trimmings, all sorts of Irish linens, sheeting and dowlas; a large assortment of Scotch and English knit and wave children's, men's and women's stockings; worsted and silk breeches pieces, musettees, gloves &c. caps, women's mits, &c. ribbons, Ferrettings fans, gauzes, blond and thread lace; trimmings, gimps, snails feathers, flower and other millenary, in the last taste, with figur'd modes, perlongs satins, farsetts, Persians, modes, linings, martina lutestring, armazeen, tassies; Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, sewing silks, mohair, scarf and twist of all sorts, Scotch and Wilton carpets, handkerchiefs and bindings, gartering and other Scotch goods; camlets, shalloons, stuffs, durants, &c. heart's lint, frizes, and other woollen goods, jewelry, Tunbridge wares, cruet frames, castors, &c.

Black and white wampom, &c. paste buckles, ear rings, pins, plumes, sprigs, gold set rings and others.

A good assortment of Manchester velvets and checks, quilts, thickets, fustians, jeans, pillows, &c.

Lately imported, and to be sold by
EDWARD LAIGHT,

A General Assortment of Ironmongery and Cutlery, likewise all the Articles necessary to the Currying Business, and half tanned Leather, for the Use of Vessels.

Said LAIGHT, has at present to dispose of, a large Quantity of good Seal Leather.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James M'Evers, late of this city, merchant, deceased, by hook, bond, or note, are requested to make speedy settlement of the same with Charles M'Evers; and those having demands on said estate, are also desired to bring in their accounts that they may be immediately settled.

ELIZABETH M'EVERS, Executrix.

CHARLES M'EVERS,

CHARLES WD. APTHORPE, } Executors

CHARLES M'EVERS,

Intending to carry on the business of his late brother, desires to inform those who have been heretofore supplied at his stores; that he has now on hand, A large and seasonable assortment of European and India goods, and that they will be disposed of on the usual terms. 47—

ALL persons who have any demands on the estate of John Ernest, late of this city merchant, deceased, are desired to bring in their accounts to be settled; and all those indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM BAYARD, } Executors.

AN. TEN EYCK,

SARAH ERNEST, Executrix.

N. B. There is left in the store of the deceased, a very good assortment of fresh goods, imported in the last year, to the amount £1200 sterl. which will be disposed of for less than they can be imported. 65 68

A complete Assortment at the
UNIVERSAL STORE or



At the Sign of the
Looking Glass & Druggist Pot,
At the Corner of the Old Slip-Market,
NEW-YORK;
A variety of pictures, looking-glasses, and paper hangings,
With tint glasses of all kinds.
London and Bristol crown window glass of all sizes, as large as 27 by 22 inches.

Coach and plate glass.
Painters and Limners Colours, mix'd or unmix'd.
Varnish of all kinds.—Japaners articles.—Gold and silver leaf, &c.
Dying Colours with every Article belonging to dying.

Fullers articles.—Founders and smelters do.—Hatters trimmings.—Foils and stones, &c. for Jewellers.—London and hard metal pewter.—Brass and copper ware.—Carpeting of all kinds.—China do.—Spicery.

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
With a general Assortment of genuine patented Medicines, warranted, and Shop Furnitures.

N. B. The above Advertisement, being only the Heads, which consists of a Variety of Articles, almost every particular in each Branch can be commended at the above Store.

Also; English Sail Cloth, No. 1, to 6—Nails and Brads of all Sizes.
Tin Sheets in Boxes, Sheet Iron; Sheet and Bar Lead; Shot of all Sizes; English and German Steel.
Variety of Chimney Tiles. Allum, Copperas, Brimstone, Salt Petre, Borax, Seeds, &c. for Distillers.
Sold Wholesale and Retail.

THE NEW-YORK Paper MANUFACTORY.

Ready Money, for clean Linen Rags, may be had of
JOHN KEATING,

Between the Fly-Market, and Burling's Slip;

ALL Persons who have the Welfare of their Country at Heart, are desired seriously to consider the Importance of a Paper Manufactory to this Government, and how much Good they may do it, by preserving the Linen Rags, particularly the fine ones, which would be otherwise useless; their saving of Rags is recommended, not so much for the Money which they will immediately fetch (which can be but a trifle) but the Benefit which will accrue to the Public in general if the Manufactory is supplied with Rags, so as to enable us to make a sufficient Quantity of Paper, for our own Consumption, and by this Means keep in the Province the Sums of Money, which are annually remitted for this single Commodity, and when once sent from hence, are entirely lost to us, Whereas by manufacturing of it here, Numbers of poor People are daily employ'd, and the Money still remains in a circulating State; it is therefore hop'd that all Persons will be as careful as possible, in saving that, which it evidently appears will be of public Utility.

All Persons having Occasion for Cartridge or Sheathing Paper, may be supplied, by giving Notice some short Time before wanted.—And all Persons who have fine white Rags, are earnestly entreated to send them in, as we are prevented from making fine Writing Paper, entirely for want of fine Rags. 62—